

# Cat research in the NESP Threatened Species Recovery Hub – a retrospective

Sarah Legge, John Woinarski and a team drawn from universities, government agencies, NGOs and Indigenous ranger groups, working across 12 sub-projects. Team members whose work features heavily in this presentation include Alyson Stobo-Wilson, Brett Murphy, Leigh-Ann Woolley, Jeremy Ringma, Mike Bode, Tida Nou, Jaana Dielenberg.

Project leaders in alphabetical order include: John Augusteyn, Mike Bode, Rob Brandle, Andrew Carter, Hugh Davies, Chris Dickman, Jaana Dielenberg, Tim Doherty, Bron Fancourt, Diana Fisher, Georgia Garrard, Matt Gentle, Graeme Gillespie, Aaron Greenville, Rosie Hohnen, Chris Johnson, Alex Kutt, Michael McGrath, Hugh McGregor, Katherine Moseby, Brett Murphy, Steve Murphy, Thomas Newsome, Tida Nou, Tony Pople, Julie Quinn, Jeremy Ringma, Dan Rogers, David Roshier, Emma Spencer, Alyson Stobo-Wilson, Dani Stokeld, Katherine Tuft, Linda van Bommell. We acknowledge the contributions of many other team members not named here.

**Sarah Legge**

ex NESP TSR Hub

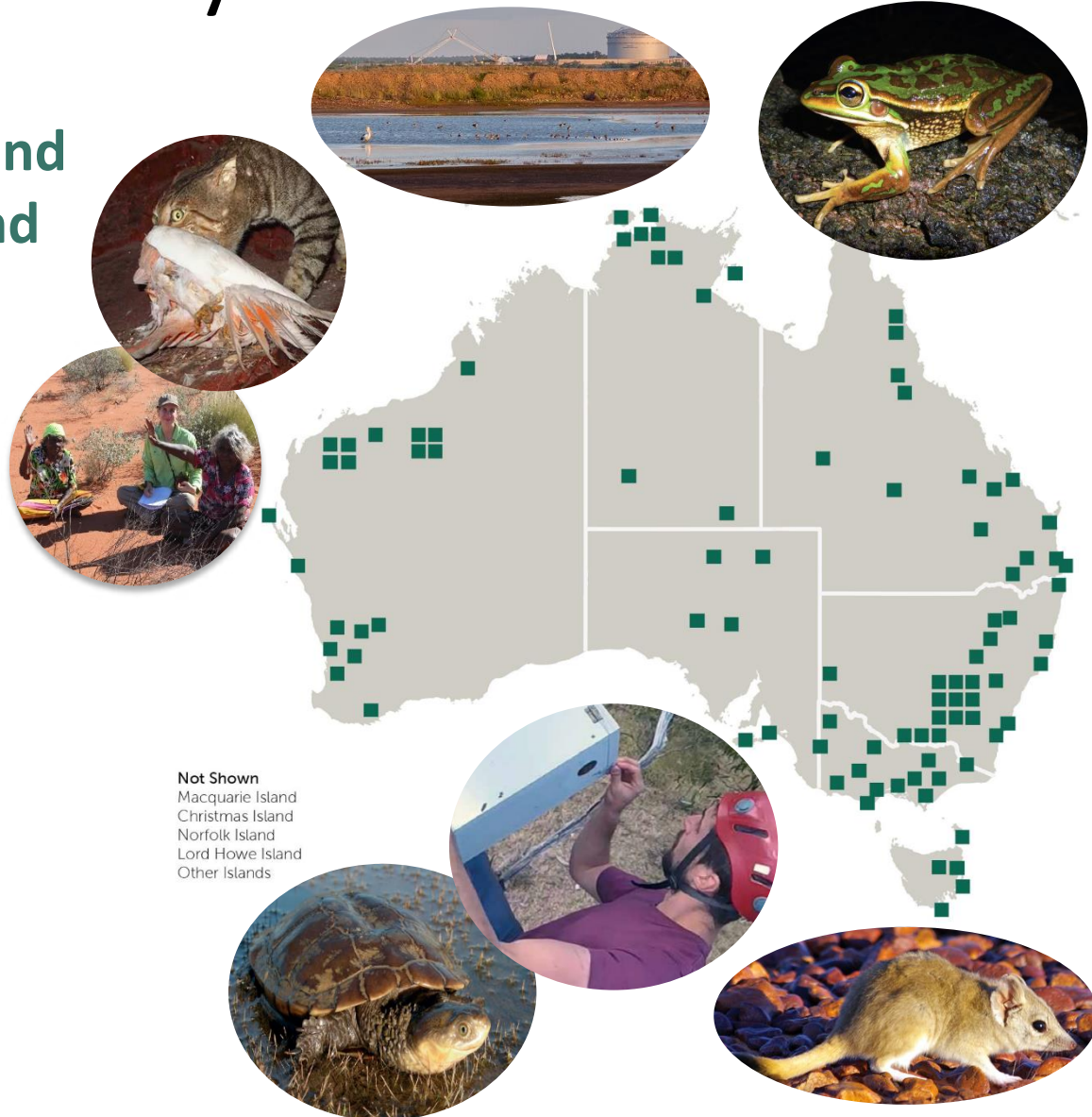
Charles Darwin Uni/Australian National Uni/Uni of Queensland



# National Environmental Science Program Threatened Species Recovery Hub

The hub aimed to provide research and knowledge to help land managers and policy-makers recover threatened species and prevent extinctions

- 2015-2021
- 11 partnering orgs
- ~ 200 collaborating orgs
- 147 research projects
- 260 staff, researchers, students



# Cat research in the TSR Hub – the context

1. In other countries, cat impacts are contested and there is widespread opposition to cat management
2. In 2015, cat management had become a priority for the Australian gov:
  - A key plank in the first Threatened Species Strategy
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> iteration of the feral cat TAP released



- Cat research in the TSR Hub was co-designed with the Aust Gov and many other stakeholders.
- An overarching aim was to provide a compelling, comprehensive evidence base to inform the community and build social licence for feral and pet cat management.



# Cat research in the TSR Hub

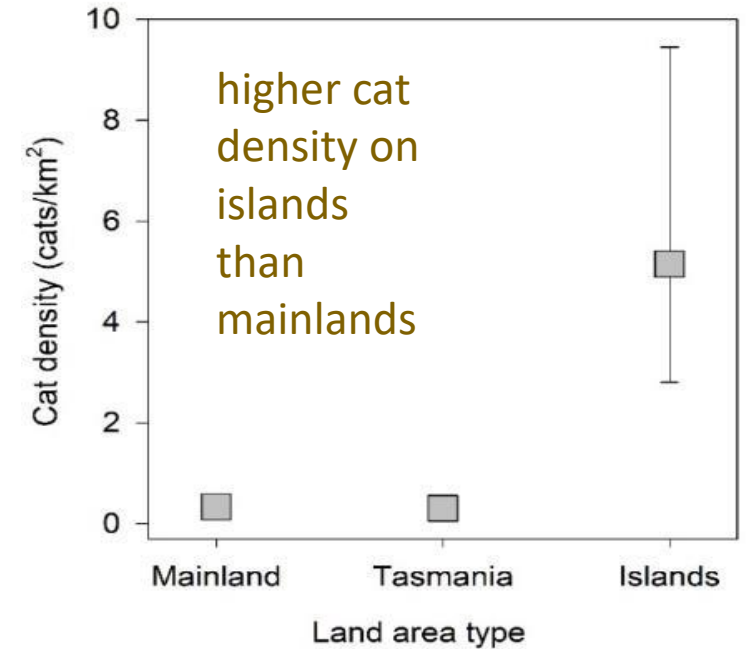
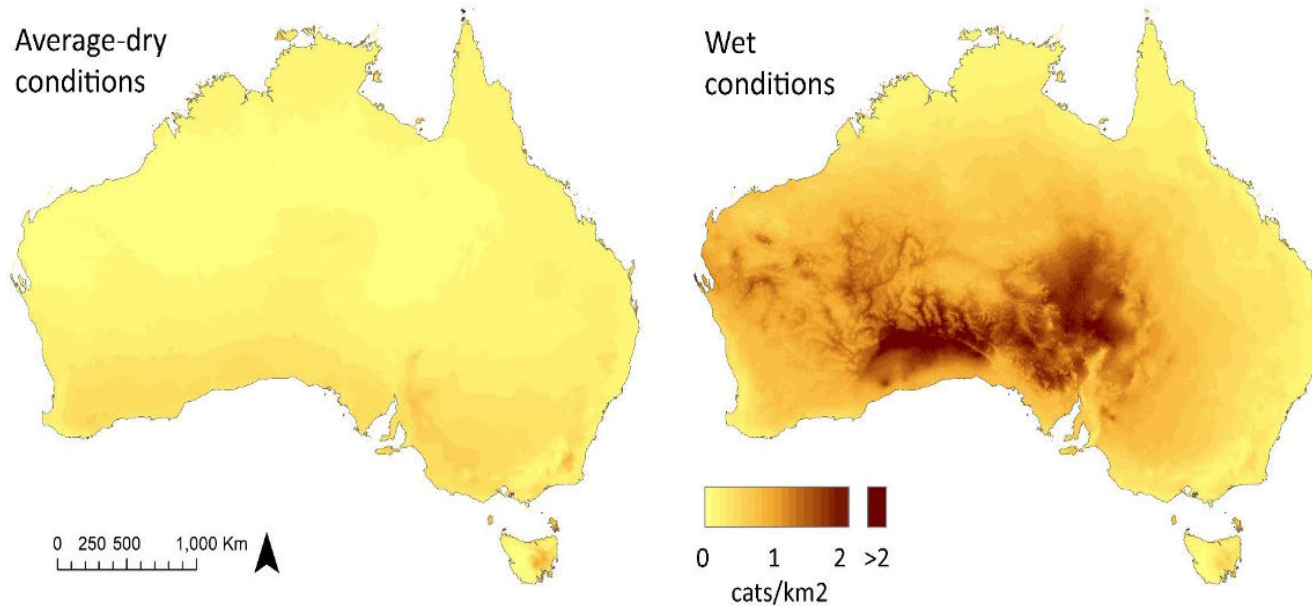
1. Trial options for cat management in different contexts
2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management:
  - How are cats distributed across Australia?
  - What are the impacts of cats on native species?
  - Which native species are most vulnerable to cat impacts?
  - How can we protect the species most susceptible to cat impacts?
3. Use this robust evidence to inform society about the issue



## 2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management

### How are cats distributed across Australia?

Many researchers shared >90 site-based density data to estimate the size and distribution of Australia's feral cat population (bush and urban)

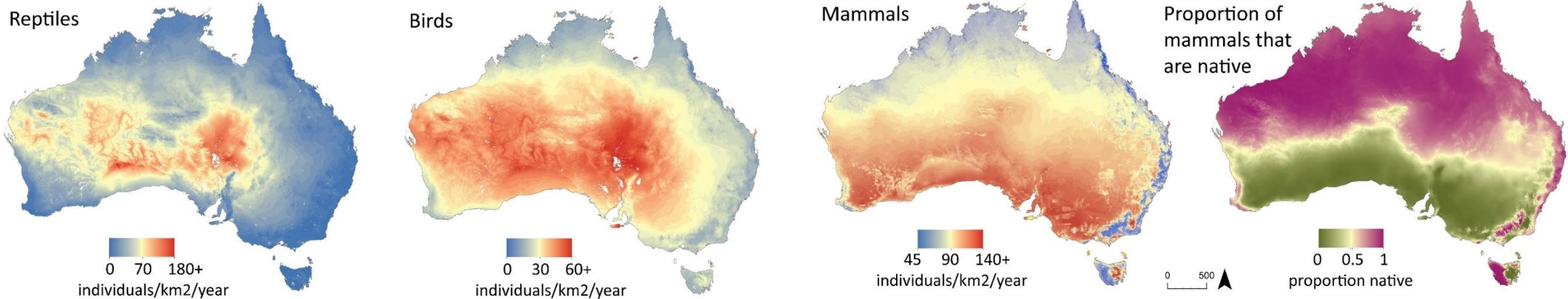
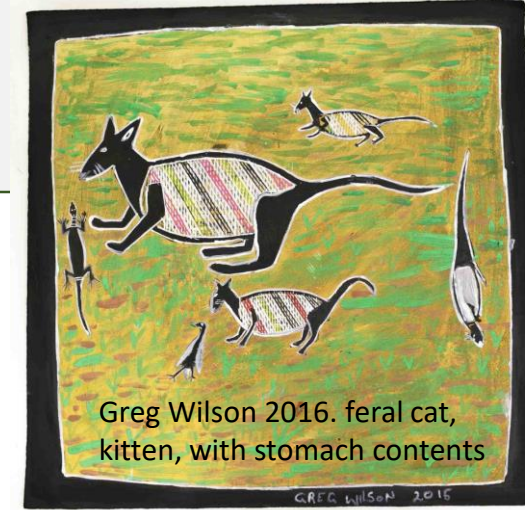


- Feral cat population fluctuates 2.1-6.3 million depending on conditions
- Pet cat population is 4.9 million

## 2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management

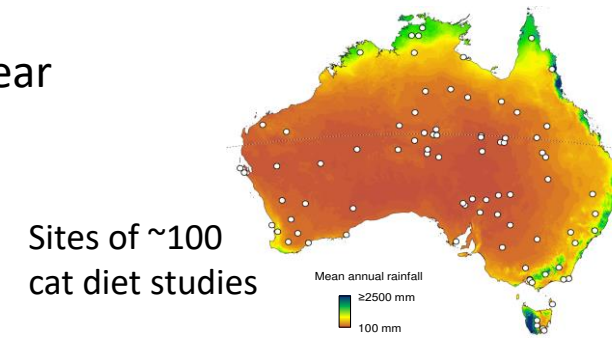
### What are the impacts of cats on native species?

Again with many collaborators, combined the cat density information with cat diet data (from ~ 100 studies across country) to estimate the predation toll of cats on native species

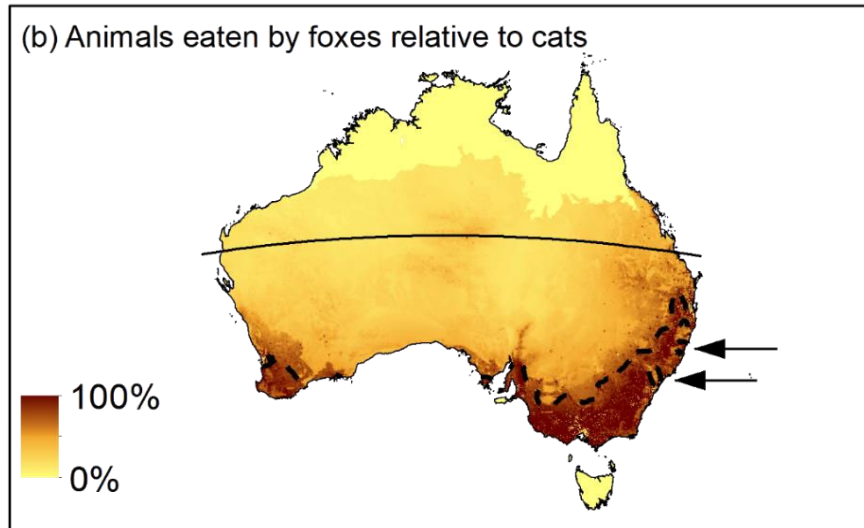
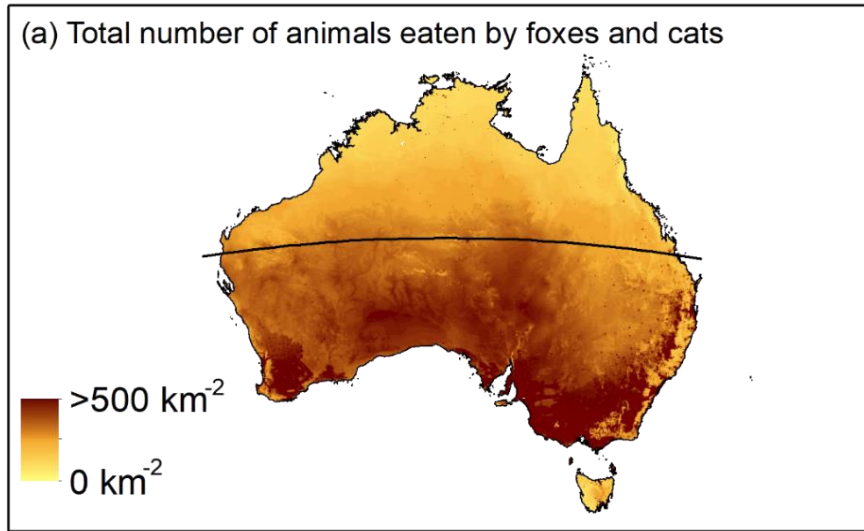


Over 3 billion Australian mammals, birds, reptiles, frogs and invertebrates killed by cats per year

*Murphy et al 2019; Woinarski et al 2017; Woinarski et al 2018; Woinarski et al 2020; Woolley et al 2020*



Took this a step further, by repeating the analyses for foxes, and comparing their tolls across species groups and space...



Number of prey items  
per year



**Reptiles**

88 (49–170)

466



**Birds**

111 (51–176)

265



**Native  
mammals**

104 (54–344)

452



**Introduced  
mammals**

264 (109–486)

350

(including stock)

*\*numbers given in millions*



## 2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management

What are the impacts of cats on native species? Which native species are most susceptible?

Combined the toll data with species trait information and environmental factors to work out which type of species are most susceptible to cat predation, accounting for their abundance



Mulgaras



Kowari



Hopping mice

### MAMMALS

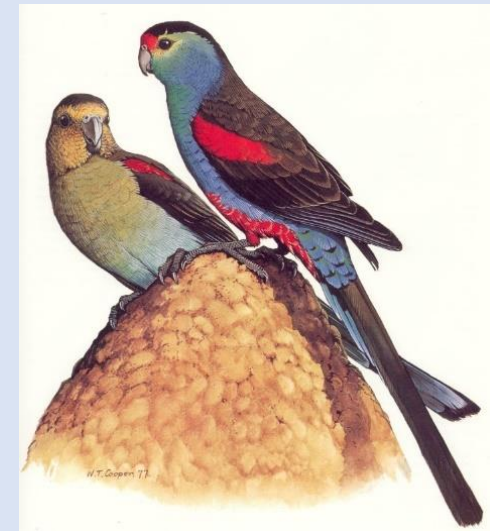
- Mid-sized
- Arid habitats
- Not in rocks

### BIRDS

- Mid-sized (60-300g)
- Ground-nesting
- Ground-foraging
- Island birds



J. Young; Wiki CC; C. Watson; W. Cooper



## 2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management

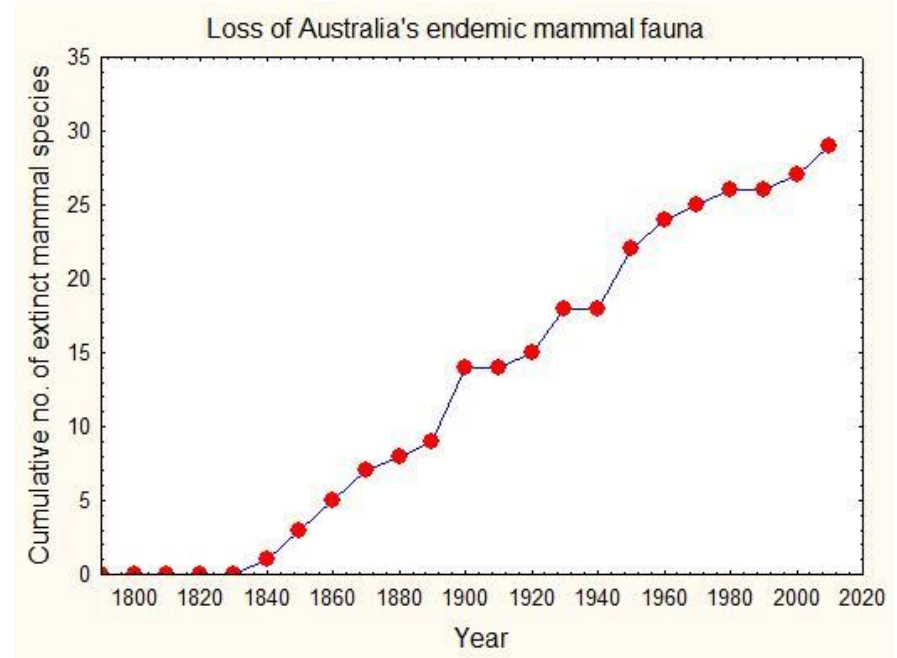
What are the impacts of cats on native species? Which native species are most susceptible?

Past impacts: extirpations of seabird colonies, island taxa, and extinctions of mammal species

> 33 taxa extinct in 250 years

> 35% of modern global mammal extinctions

Cats main driver for ~two-thirds



Pig-footed bandicoot



Central hare-wallaby



White-footed tree-rat



Lesser bilby



## 2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management

What are the impacts of cats on native species? Which native species are most susceptible?

With many collaborators, assessed mammals for their susceptibility to cats, and identified those that need complete, or very high levels of protection from cats

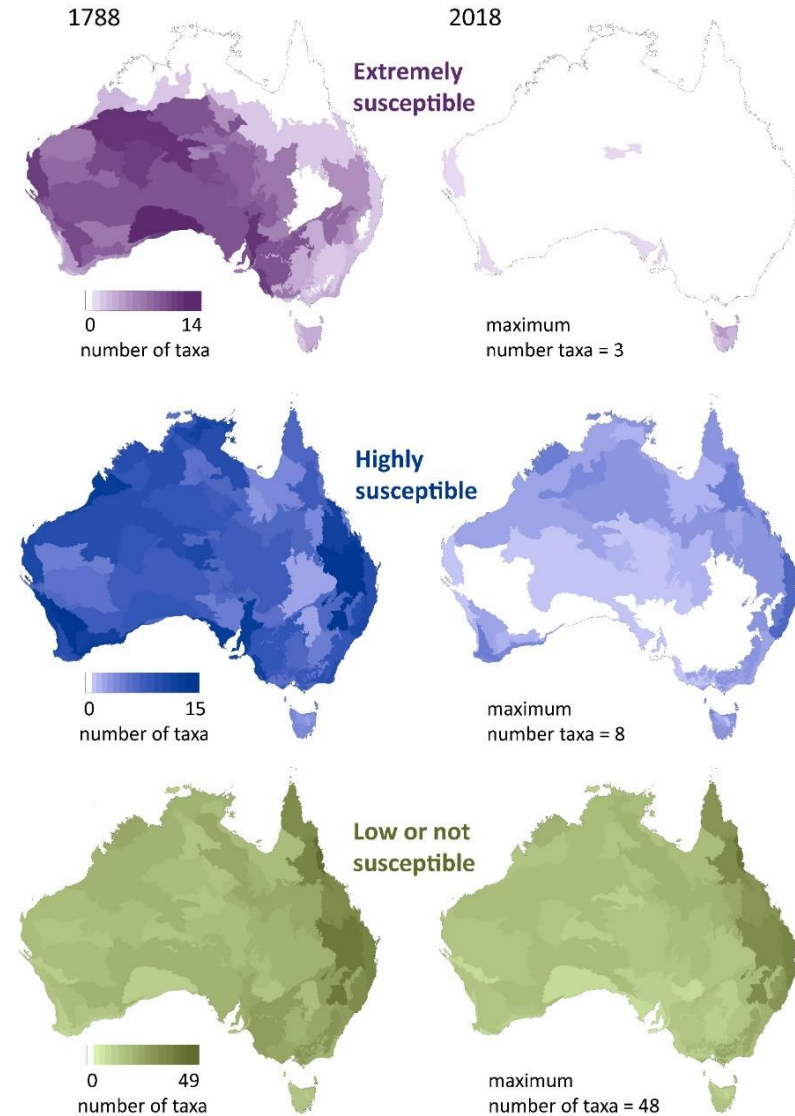
Extreme  
**33 species**



High  
**51 species**



Low/Not  
**154 species**

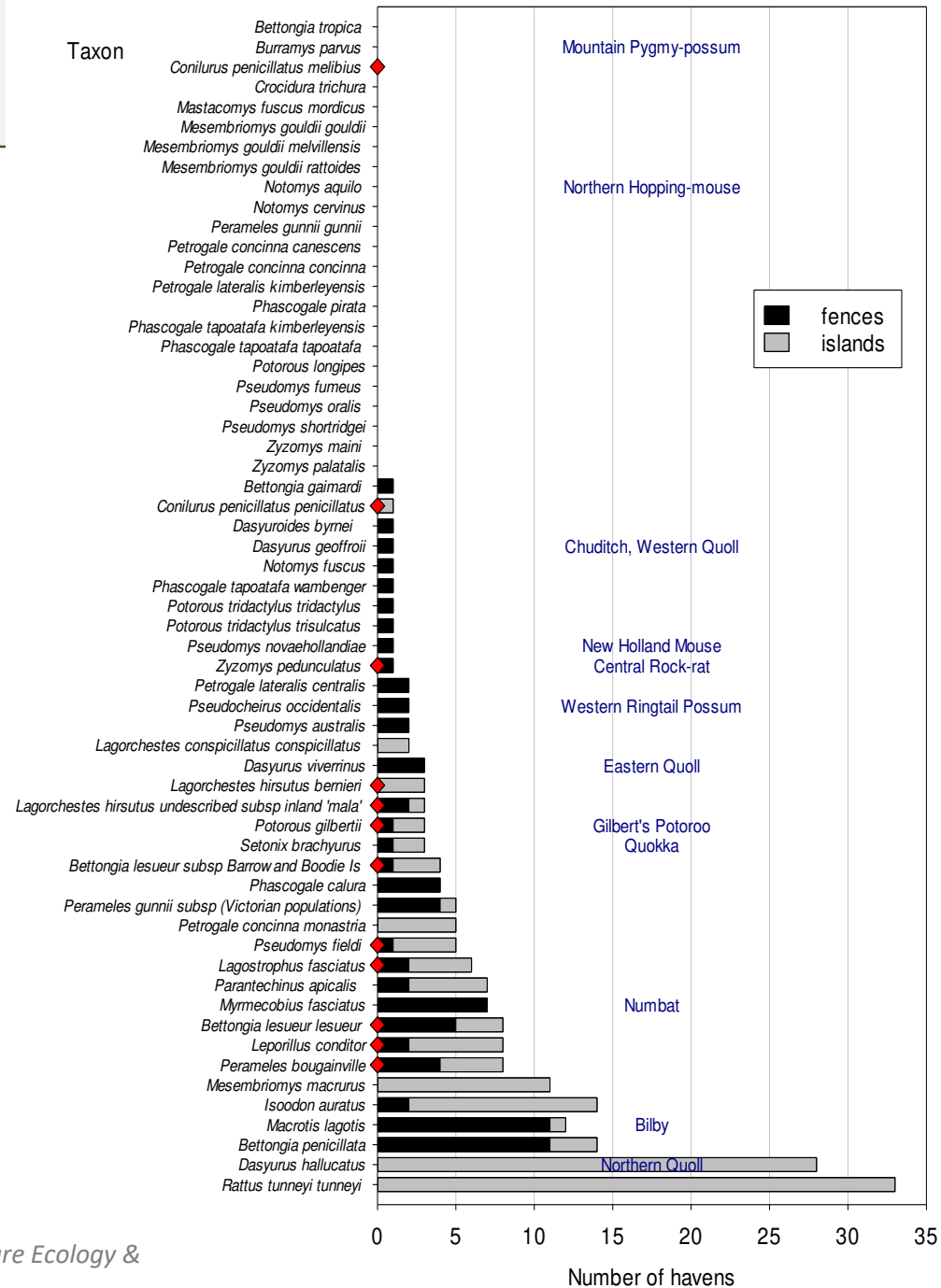
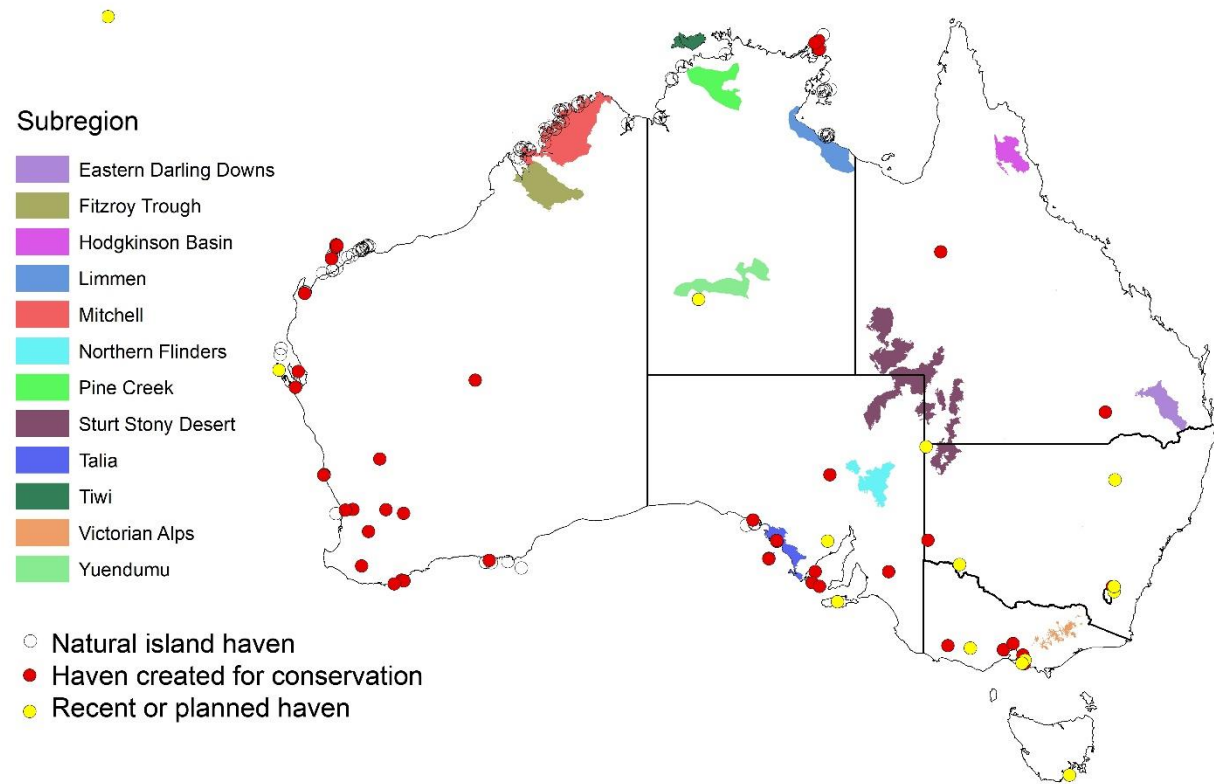


Ranges of the more cat-susceptible species have collapsed

## 2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management

### Protecting native species most susceptible to cats

Where should new cat-free islands/fenced areas be for these species?



## 2. Improve the evidence base that underpins management

### Pet cats.... Considered pet cat impacts in three ways



## Burden on local government

Vexing and costly, poorly supported by state legislation

## Wildlife impacts

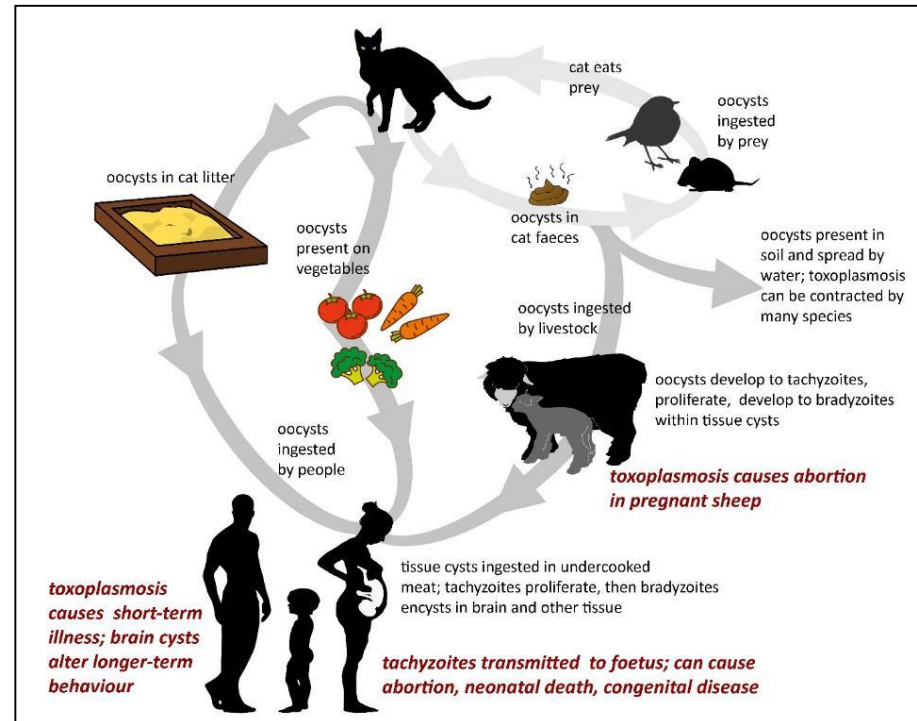
Predation toll: lower per cat, but higher per km<sup>2</sup> because pet cat density is high



Legge et al (2020) Wildlife Research 47, 523-539  
 Legge et al (2020) Wildlife Research 27, 731-746  
 Nou et al (2021) TSR Hub report

## Economic impacts

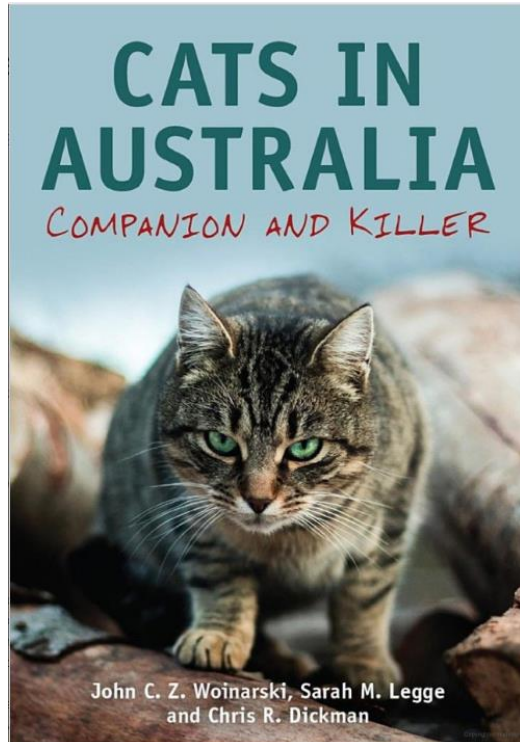
Costs of disease transmission to people and livestock >\$6 billion/year



### 3. Use the evidence to inform the public

There is a large appetite for cat stories!

- >60 journal articles, with > 130 co-authors, including 3 ranger groups.
- **Over 2010 media stories with a combined audience of more than 40.1 million people online and print media, radio and tv (advertising value \$27.8 million).**
- Extensive engagement with vet associations, sporting shooter groups, local governments, community groups, interest groups, NRM groups, welfare groups
- Information leveraged on by many advocacy, community, and management groups



Book to summarise current knowledge on cat ecology, impacts, management



Articles in The Conversation > 1 million reads

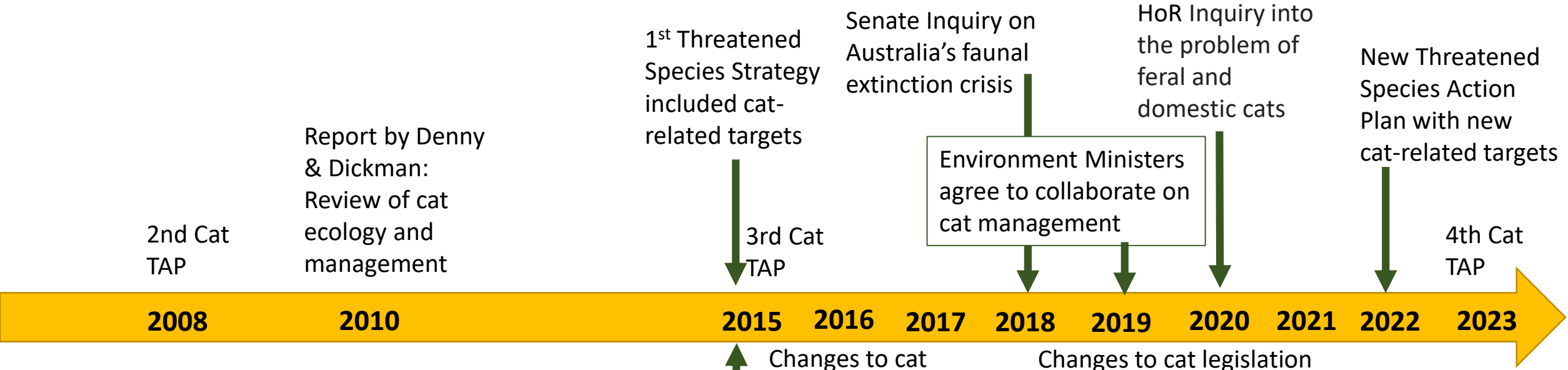
Cats carry diseases that can be deadly to humans, and it's costing Australia \$6 billion every year

For whom the bell tolls: cats kill more than a million Australian birds every day

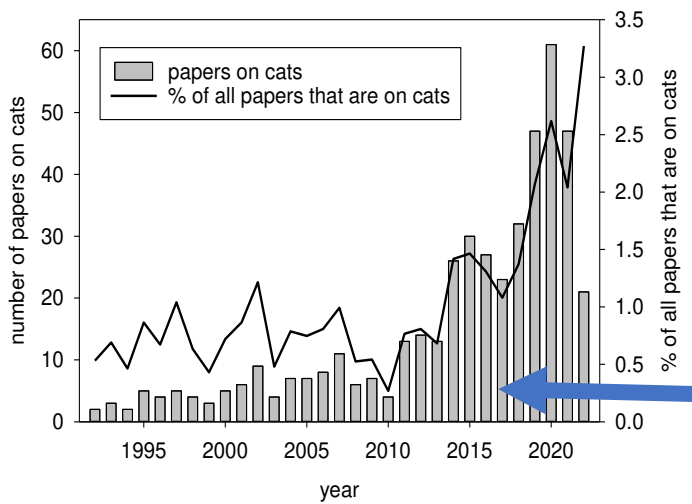
# Summary: what did the TSR Hub cat research achieve?

- Improved the evidence base underpinning management, including via field trials
- Supported a consistent message about cat impacts that is being used by diverse stakeholder groups (vets, local govts, conservation advocacy groups)
- Increased understanding about cat impacts and management in the wider community, helping to build support
- Supported Aust Gov policy (eg investment in new havens; Threatened Species Action Plan; 2023 feral cat TAP)

# The heat on cats has increased in the last decade



Cat-related research in Australia



Research outputs start to increase from c 2014

**SWEET SPOT: Activity in research, management and policy must align, interact and grow together, with strong public engagement**



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